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Surge protection and Control Ready Drivers

By Dimitri De Rop

Surge protection

- What is a surge?
- Why protection?
- How is it injected?
- Cost of inaction?
- How to protect?
- What to consider when choosing a SPD?
- What kind?

What is a surge

A rule-of-thumb definition of a surge is a voltage of at least two times the system's root mean squared (RMS) voltage with a duration measured from one to several hundred microseconds. Examples:

- 120 V AC electrical system, a short impulse less than one millisecond greater than 240 V would be a surge. In a
- 480 V AC system, a short impulse greater than 960 V would be a surge.

Source: Phoenix

Whyagainst what?

Lightning strikes





 Switching operations of heavy machines or welding equipment

ESD



Est 63% indoors, the other 37% is outdoor.



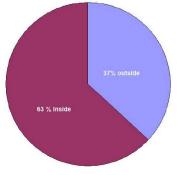
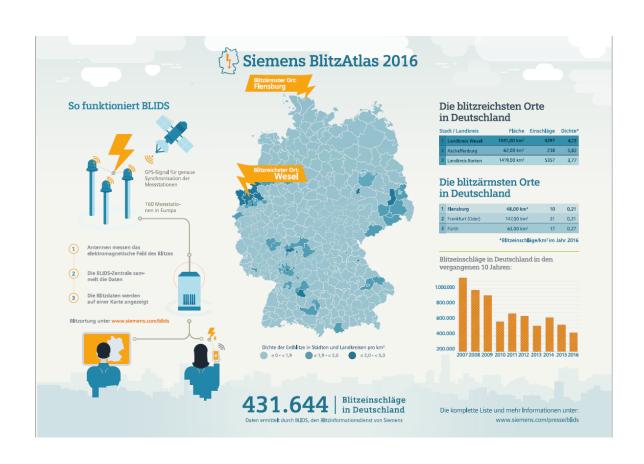


Figure 1: Source of surges to a facility

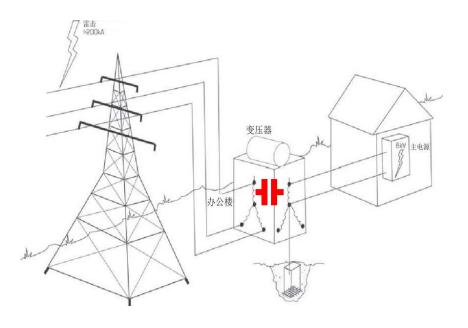
Why protection?

- You can build keen electronics but without protection it is vulnerable
- If you don't protect, then electronics will get damaged or broken.
- 2016: over 431,000 strikes in Germany
 - Netherlands *) approx. 3 strikes/km2 per year
 - ➤ Germany- Wesel region, average of 4.13 strikes/km2 per year **)

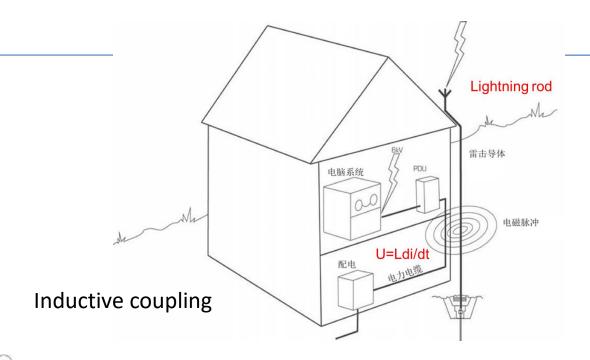


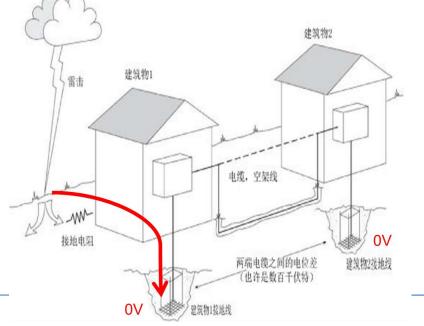
*) source: De Bliksemvraagbaak
**) source: Siemens BlitzAtlas

How is it injected?



Parasitic capacitance





Impedance coupling

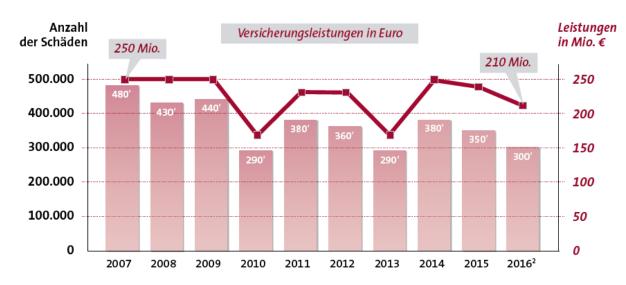
Cost of inaction

- 210m€ in 2016 in consumer electronics
- # of strikes seem to go down, but # of equipment rises.
- Industrial damage ??

Blitz-Bilanz 2016

Anzahl der Blitz- und Überspannungsschäden und die Leistungen in der Hausrat- und Wohngebäudeversicherung¹





- 1) GDV-Hochrechnung
- 2) vorläufig

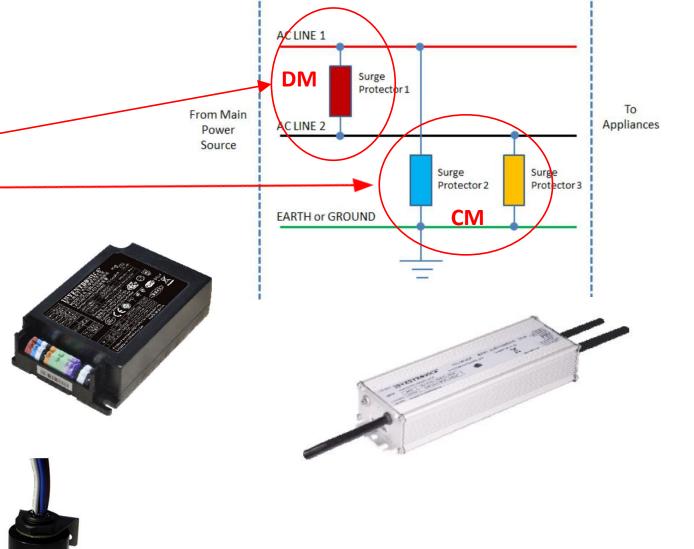
Quelle: www.gdv.de I Gesamtverband der Deutschen Versicherungswirtschaft (GDV)



How to act

- DM: Differential mode
- CM: Common mode
- Build in solution
- External solution
 - Series topology
 - Parallel topology





How to protect

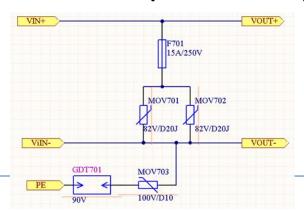
- Build in Surge protection device in Drivers
 - Common mode / Differential mode
 - Differential mode only (Class II often)

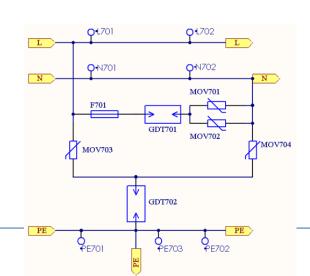


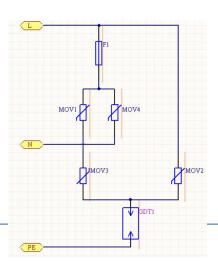


• External Surge protection device









What to consider when choosing a driver or SPD?

- Application
 - Outdoor
 - > Indoor
 - > Horticulture
 - > else...
- Class I or Class II luminaires
- Level of protection
 - levels, kA or kV



Control ready drivers

Industrial/Outdoor Lighting Applications – INVENTRONICS Smart LED Driver Solution



- Input Voltage Range: 176-305Vac / 90-305Vac / 249-528Vac
- Constant power programmed
- Always-on Auxiliary Power: 12V/200mA
- All-in-one dimming control: 0-10V, PWM, DALI, Timer
- Dim-to-Off dimming function, enabling LED turn-on and turn-off
- Built-in DM 6kV (line-line) / CM 10kV (line-earth) super lightning protection function (4/6 KV for ESD-096/240/320)





















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Industrial/Outdoor Lighting Applications – INVENTRONICS Smart LED Driver Solution

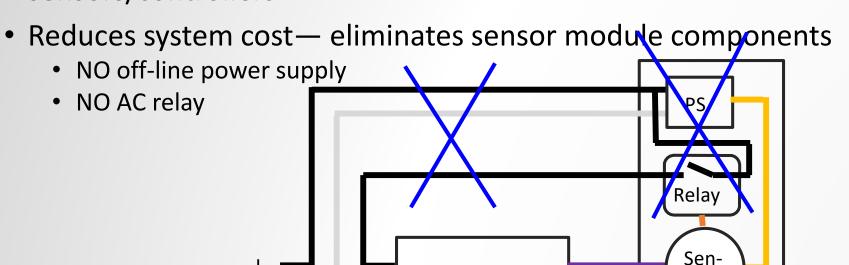
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Light Engine

Enabled by Dim-to-Off + Always-On 12V

G

- Dimming signal can turn driver output OFF with low standby power < 0.5 W
- Auxiliary power supply stays ON to power local sensors/controllers

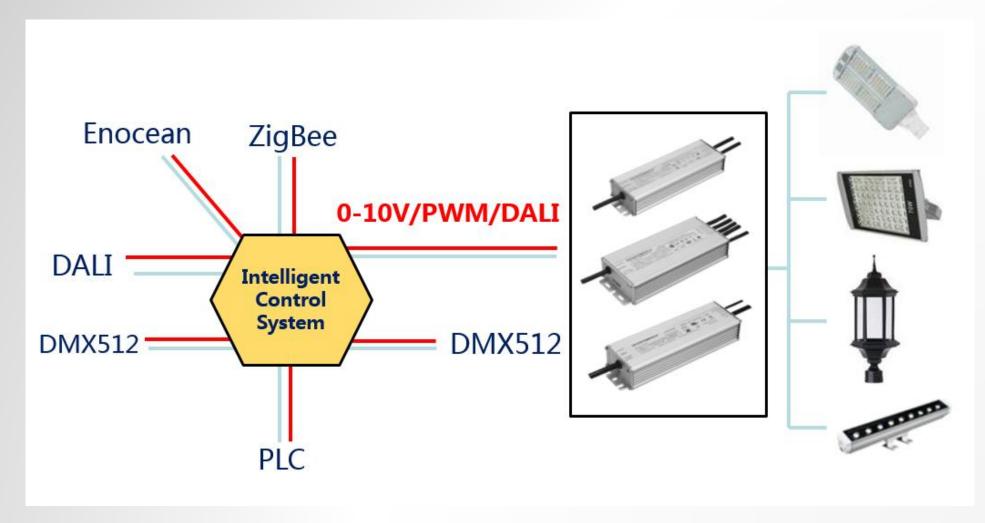


Driver

INVENTRONICS



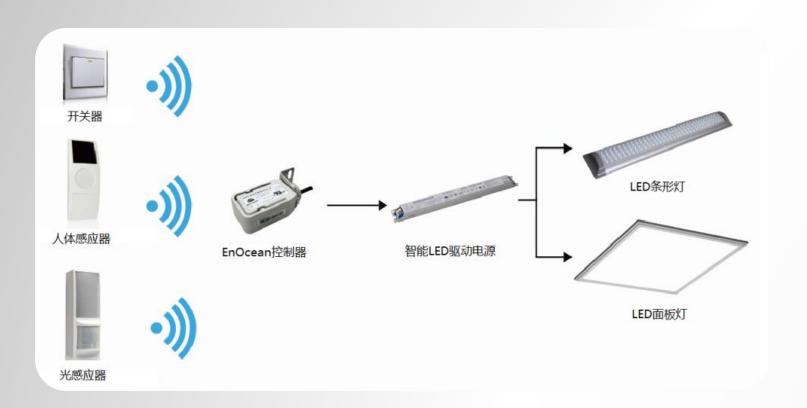
Industrial/Outdoor Lighting Applications – INVENTRONICS Smart LED Driver Solution







EnOcean controller 'CTL-ENOC-EU' (868 MHz)



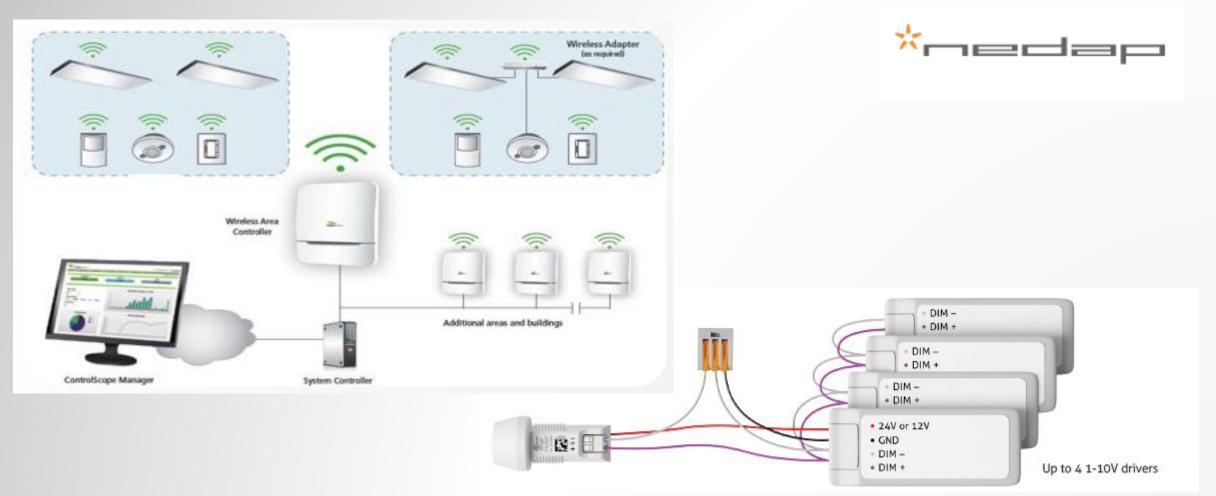








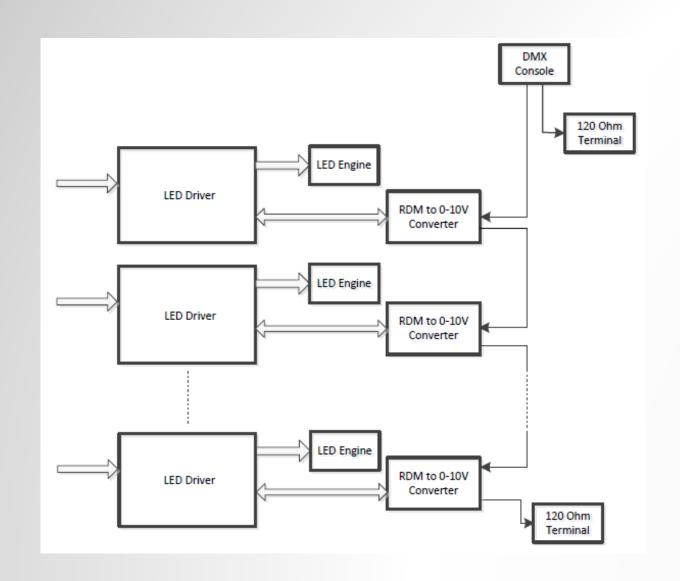
Nedap's IoT node



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Inventronics' DMX (+ RDM) to 0-10V converter 'CNV-DMXR'









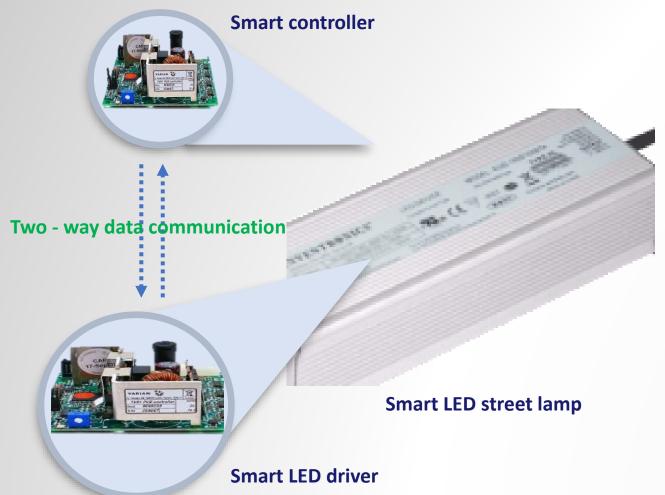


Outdoor Lighting Intelligent Control Solutions

	PLC PLC	GPRS GPRS	NB-IoT	LoRa LoRa™
Frequency band	/	850/900/1800MHz	800/900/1800MHz	433/868/915MHz
Transmission distance	signal only can be transmitted within a range of distribution transformers	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited
Transmission rate	5.5-20Kbps	115kbps	65kbps	0.2-37.5kbps
Advantage	High security, No need to set up a network, Data transfer convenient	High security, Anti-interference ability, Access time is short, High transmission rate, low power consumption, Low maintenance costs	High security, Anti-interference ability super, Strong links, high coverage, Wide area network, low power, Low maintenance costs	High security, Anti-interference ability, Wide area network, multi-node, Low power, low maintenance costs, free frequency band
Disadvantage	Anti-interference ability is weak, Transmission distance is limited, Maintenance costs are higher,	High power consumption, Data is easy to lose	Need pay the cost of the band	Low transmission rate



Esave' (www.esaveag.com) Street Lamp Controller 'SLC-DC'



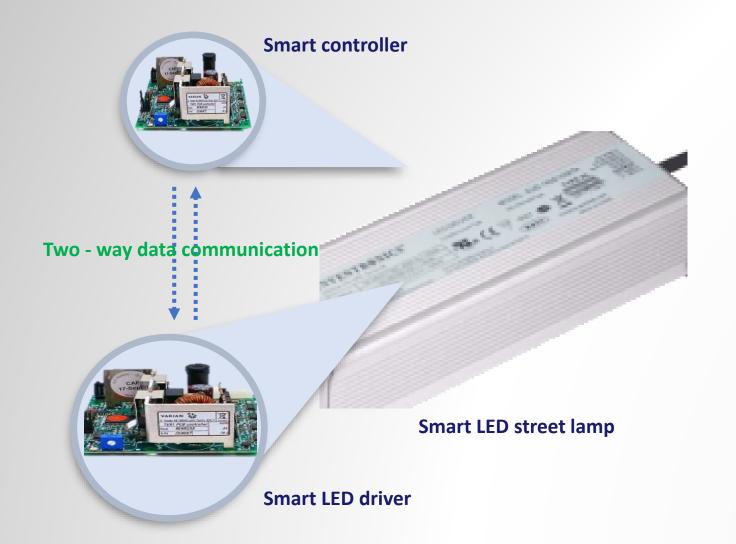








Fonda's wireless communicator 'LCU51Z'









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